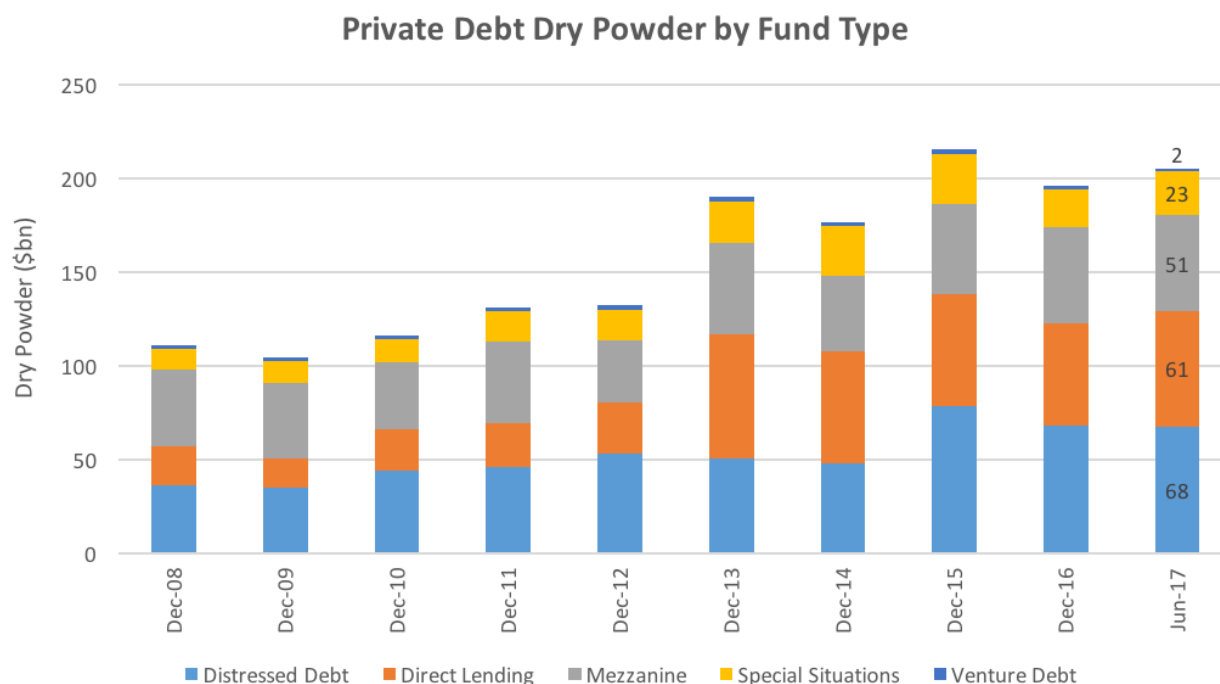


Private Debt Intelligence – 7/24/2017

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Private Debt Dry Powder Holds Steady

Chart



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As at the end of June 2017, private debt managers held more than \$205bn in dry powder, up slightly from the \$196bn recorded at the end of 2016. This relatively small increase demonstrates another way in which the private debt market is becoming increasingly distinct from the private equity industry as a whole – across the same period, for instance, buyout fund dry powder alone increased by more than \$40bn. In fact, private equity funds have set successive dry powder records for several years, while private debt dry powder peaked at \$216bn in 2015, a level it has yet to surpass.

Distressed debt funds continue to hold the most dry powder (\$68bn) of any private debt strategy. This is partly due to the relatively large size of distressed debt funds compared to most other fund types. Direct lending funds hold a comparable level of capital available to be deployed (\$61bn), a reflection of the growth in activity for this fund type in recent years. Mezzanine funds hold \$51bn in dry powder, a level which has remained relatively constant in recent years.

By region, North America-focused funds account for two-thirds (\$138bn) of available private debt capital, an increase of \$5bn since December 2016. This is to be expected – the majority of private debt activity is still focused on the mature markets of North America. Dry powder held by Europe-focused funds increased by 11% to \$57bn, the largest growth of any region, and is driven by increased direct lending fundraising focused on the region. Dry powder levels in Asia-focused funds declined slightly to \$9bn, down from \$10bn at the end of 2016, while Rest of World-focused dry powder remained the same at \$1.6bn.

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